

Prof. Alexander Waibel
lows to lecture about
Interact's translation
software in any language
especially the ones he
doesn't know.

to domain-based systems for tourism or health care, open domain systems are not limited to a specific topic. They also work continuously without the need to press a button for every sentence. Typical applications would be monologue-like texts such as newscasts, meetings or lectures." The little demonstration was a mock-up for a system that could be applied at a conference. While the speaker talks freely in his mother tongue, the international nudternee can follow the lecture either by reading the 'subtitles' or listening to the translation.

To free the listeners from headphones, the set-up uses ultra-directional speakers. Unlike normal speakers, which emit sound in all like normal speakers, which emit sound in all directions, these are capable of focusing a sound into a very narrow beam, just like an acoustic searchlight. The odd sensation of a sound disappearing when you step out of focus is generated by an array of ultrasonic transducers. Only where their signals overlap do they create an audible interference. With such ultra-directional speakers a lecture room can easily be divided into a French, German, Chinese or Russian section.

But it still might be some time before we meet for a conference in Babel. The translation quality of the current open domain systems is comparable to an online translator for websites – it's not perfect, but you get the idea. Still, it might be good enough when you want to attend a conference and happen to speak an exotic language.

"Human translators are far more eloquent," declares Waibel, "but in real-life situations, they tend to skip sentences or parts of sentences when they can't follow the speaker. While our system might not be that accurate, it works continuously without skipping," An advantage not to be underestimated: After following a translated speech test, people were asked questions about the content. With a human translation, 72 percent of the answers were right; with a machine translation, a close 65 percent of the answers were correct.

It seems that soon enough Waibel will become the public enemy of the translator's guild. "I don't think so," he smiles, "There are many situations with sensitive content, for example a political debate, where the correct interpretation is far too important to leave it to a machine. We want to facilitate communication and, therefore, concentrate on applications where the alternative would be to have no translation at all." A typical use would be a small technical conference with no budget for several conference interpreters, or a humanitarian organisation operating in a remote area with small, exotic languages. Naturally, the military is very interested in speech-to-speech translation systems.

Addressing the locals in Iraq or Afghanistan in their own language and being able to understand them, even through a machine, could de-escalate an *encounter* dramatically.

# Never Again Speechless

And, of course, mechanical translation also has a huge commercial value. Who wouldn't want such a PDA translation software package for his next trip to Spain, Thailand or China? Imagine being able to finally order the right dish in the restaurant, to extensively complain about the non-existent sea-view or to flirt with the beautiful blonde at the bar – although she might not find a pick-up line from a squeaky PDA overly romantic. "We are already negotiating with some companies," is all Waibel will say. Negotiating? I want one!

But won't we lose our interest in learning languages? Worse even, won't we stop reading 'engine? Probably not! We can still do mental arithmetic in spite of pocket calculators; we still use maps in spite of GPS. But all these systems are extending our range, are getting us there faster. 'Most people using our domain-based system pick up standard phrases fairly quickly and use them on their own without the PDA.

Language learning is another possible application area for our technology," adds Waibel.

As it for confirmation, he smiles and says:
"Itte rasshai." When I stare at him blankly, he
picks up the PDA, pushes a button and repeats
"Itte rasshai." "So long." I Just learned my first
Matthias Meis
Japanese word.

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	guild * gild	Zunft, Berufsverein
ild	interpreter	Übersetzer, Dolmetscher
<	lecture, to	vortragen
a	mental arithmetic	Kopfrechnen
ion	mock-up	Attrappe, Übungstest
Ne.	negotiute, to	verhandeln
	newscast	Nachrichtensendung
	odd	seltsam, merkwürdig
+	pick up, to	merken, aufnehmen
	pick-up line	Anmachspruch
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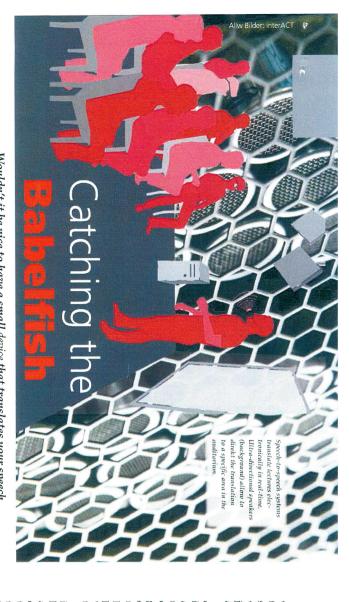
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in jede andere sprochene Worte haben, das geschön, ein Gerät zu Ware es nicht lassen diesen alten fisch, der muss jetzt ence Fiction wie der denkt, das sei Sciviel einfacher. Wei wäre auf einmal kann? Das Reisen Sprache übersetzei umdenken. Forsche berühmte Babel-

> into any other language? Travelling would be a lot easier. If you think "Aiteru heya arimasuka?" I'm speaking Researchers are close to fulfilling that dream – without the use of a fish that's science fiction like the Hitchhiker's Babelfish, think again! Wouldn't it be nice to have a small device that translates your speech Trek fashion, translates natural speech in real

smoke in my room, while my host answers me ranting about missing towels and the smell of a machine. registering that I'm talking to, or better through ting away in a foreign language without even in Japanese. Before I know it, I'm happily chatthrough the whole booking procedure, even yo no heya wa ikura desuka?" This is fun. I go "How much is a room for one person?" "Hitori and the translation in Japanese characters. while the display shows my transcribed words device squeaks my question in fluent Japanese English for a hotel room. Only seconds later, the the small device my host handed me and ask in learn it. All I had to do was push a button on Japanese! And it took me less than a second to

slight understatement for a system that, in Star standing and cross-lingual communication: A that facilitate and improve cross-cultural under aim is to research technologies and processes lon University in Pittsburgh, USA. The centre' University of Karlsruhe and the Carnegie Meldirector of Interact, a joint centre between the berhotel in the year 2050, but today at the Uni-PDA, and my host is Prof. Alexander Waibel, versity of Karlsruhe. The device is an *off-the-shel*, The scene isn't taking place in a Japanese cy-

wahr werden

ganz ohne Fisch

time into spoken words of another language How does this work? Waibel smiles at the

software we know from our desktops. synthesis are, although custom-made and tightly and text-to-speech synthesis." Recognition and tion is basically a three-stage process," he says, too familiar to him. "Speech-to-speech translastunned look in my eyes, a look that must be alldifferent approach to the commercial translation tomatic speech recognition, machine translation, this time in his native German. "It consists of au-The interesting part is the machine translation integrated, more or less standard applications Here, Waibel and his colleagues take a radically

and grammar of a sentence. They locate subject, dures or business letters. But it produces the generates good results on texts with an equally speech, and translate them into their equivalent verb and all the other parts that make a sen-Rule-based systems try to analyze the structure we rely on statistical methods," explains Waibel tational teach-in. The resulting rigid framework requires a lot of linguistic expertise and compuin the other language. This is an approach that tence, recognize *tense*, active, passive or indirect rigid structure like manuals, operating proce-"These systems are mainly rule-based while

> willig, doch das Fleisch ist schwach' might be a steaks cannot be recommended' for 'Der Geist ist the famous 'The Whiskey is good, but the are often just as funny joke, the results we get from rule-based systems well known *slips* on more 'lyrical' texts. While

a word's meaning in a certain context. The method is not unlike the way we learn our the past perfect is. estimate the correct meaning of a word or the grammar books and dictionaries. Instead, we own mother tongue. As a baby, we can't consult instead, tries to figure out the probability of we even know what a gerund, a relative clause on proach enables us to speak fluently long before people around us call things. This statistical ap right tense from the way our parents and the doesn't care about rules and grammar but Statistical machine translation, in contrast

teach-in is required since the algorithms and other language, the more the better. Almost no and sentences and their equivalents in antion of numbers and times. rules which, for example, improve the recogni system. We also use a very limited number of something is right or wrong helps to debug the though speaking the language and knowing if the advantage of the statistical method, "almight not even know," says Waibel, describing we can teach our computers a language that we independent from the language set. "In theory the statistical groundwork are universal and have to do is feed the computer with words ing to ensulate with their computers! All they A method which Waibel's team is try-

## Just Speak Freel

to optimise our underlying processes are EU good source for language sets we can employ might be based on several million words. "A speakers were necessary. A laptop translator a laptop or even a good standard PDA. Stortor's dream! "Such large data sets are a perfect European languages. A mechanical translaments were accurately translated into several and hours of debates and thousands of docuparliamentary speeches," says Waibel. Hours words in different contexts and from different medical consultation, several hundred thousand knows about 10,000 terms about tourism and the results are. To train the little PDA, which statistics, the more data you have, the better age is especially important since, as with any capacity allow Waibel to run these systems on base to create open *domain* systems," raves Advances in computing power and storage

> is whispering the lecture to me in Spanish. I, tor is trying to focus a sonic beam on my head which But what really irritates me is an assistant who the real-time translations of the lecture scrolling by the computer. I don't even bother to check in English. Usually I don't have any problems my part, am speechless along on the screen in Portuguese and Arabic. he's using, which are continuously transcribed [ did. While listening, I try to confirm the words following an English conversation, but this time dons a headset microphone and starts lecturing Open domain? To give an explanation, he

the demonstration and explains: "In contrast Sensing my linguistic overload, Waibel stops

or construction of	Section of the sectio
Untertreihung	understatement
	100
Boariff Augdendi	
Templis Zeit (grammat )	torico to
Finlernen	teach-in
fassungslos	stunned
quieken	squeak, to
Schall-, akustisch	sonic
Ausrutscher, Fehler	slip
rollen	scroll, to
steif, starr	rigid • ridschid
benötigen	require, to
sich verlassen auf	rely on, to
Relativsatz	relative clause
empfehlen	recommend, to
Erkennung	тесодийнон
schimpfen, schwadronieren	rant, to
Wahrscheinlichkeit	probability
Standard-, serienmäßig	off-the-shelf
	mother tongue * made tang
Arztbesuch	medical consultation
Vortrag	lecture
gemeinsam	joint
Gastgeber	host * houßt
	headset microphone
Gerundium, Verlaufsform	gerund
erleichtern, fördern	facilitate, to . faßilitäit
Fachwissen	expertise • ekßpo'tihs
schätzen, abschätzen	estimate, to
nachbilden, nachahmen	emulate, to
anziehen, anlegen	don, to
Bereich, Gebiet	domain
Gerät, Apparat	device
Fehler beseitigen, austesten	debug, to
maßgeschneidert	custom-made
hier: nachschlagen	consult, to
bestehen aus	consist of, to
sich die Mühe machen	bother, to
Strahl	beam
Ansatz, Herangehensweise	approach
Zielsetzung	aim
Fortschritt	адълисе

#### (engl.) nteract ist ein http://isl.ira.uka.de

University. Unter anderem entstehen hier maschinelle gemeinsames Projekt der Universität Karlsruh Jbersetzungssysteme. und der Carnegie Mellon

#### (engl.) www.mobytrans.com Mobile Technologies

zur Kommerzialisierung der beschriebenen ist eine Ausgliederung lechnologien.

### Ein weiteres Projekt das http://chil.server.de (engl.) die Interaktion zwischen

zugunsten des Menscher verbessern will. Mensch und Maschine untersucht und diese

#### der Universität Karlsruhe Fakultät für Informatik an www.ira.uka.de (dt.)



to a certain domain, e. g. by a standard PDA. translation can be handled tourism or medical consul-If the topic is restricted tation, speech-to-speech